Appl. No. 10/511,465 Amdt. dated December 7, 2010 Amendment under 37 CFR 1.116 Expedited Procedure Examining Group 1643

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1 to 28 (canceled).

- 29. (new). A method of aiding in a renal cell carcinoma prognosis for a human subject diagnosed with locally advanced or metastatic renal clear cell carcinoma, comprising:
- (a) obtaining a sample of the locally advanced or metastatic lesion of the renal tumor of the subject;
- (b) determining whether the sample is negative or positive for the expression of the CAIX protein of SEQ ID NO:2; and
- (c) aiding the prognosis by identifying the carcinoma as having a greater malignant potential if the sample is negative for expression of the CAIX protein or identifying the carcinoma as having a lesser malignant potential if the sample is positive for expression of the CAIX protein;
 - (d) and planning a therapy for the patient according to the prognosis.
- 30 (new). The method of claim 29, wherein the expression of the CAIX protein is determined using immunohistochemical staining.
- 31. (new). The method of claim 29, wherein the subject has locally advanced renal cell cancer and the sample is negative for CAIX and the therapy is adjuvant immunotherapy.
- 32. (new) The method of claim 29, wherein the subject has metastasized renal cell cancer and the therapy is adjuvant immunotherapy.

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- 33. (new). A method of aiding in a renal cell carcinoma prognosis, the method comprising:
- a) obtaining one or more samples derived from a locally advanced renal tumor and/or a metastatic lesion derived from a renal tumor of a human subject diagnosed with locally advanced or metastatic renal clear cell carcinoma;
- b) immunohistochemically staining the sample for the CAIX protein of SEQ ID NO:2. and
- c) obtaining the prognosis for the subject according to the results of id staining, wherein a sample which stains negatively indicates a poorer likelihood of survival for the subject than does a sample which stains positively.
- 34 (new). The method of claim 33, wherein further the prognosis is used in the selection of a treatment regimen for the subject.